

Ogden Theatre Wednesday 16 AUGUST

THE FIRST BIG SHOW OF THE SEASON.

SEATS ON SALE MONDAY.

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PRESENT

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CARLE**

IN
THE BIG MUSICAL
KNOCKOUT
**JUMPING
JUPITER**

WITH
EDNA WALLACE
HOPPER
(SPECIALLY ENGAGED)
A GREAT CAST
AND
SOME GIRLS

PRICES
50c, 75c, \$1.00 \$1.50, \$2

SAFECRACKERS ARE AT WORK

They Operate on Two Safes and Get Away With Money and Jewelry—Stimson's Cafe Suffers Heavy Loss—Senate Saloon Entered—Blacksmith Shop Broken Into—Professional Yeggmen in the City.

Sometime during last night safe crackers made a raid in the city, succeeding in opening at least three safes and getting plunder in cash and jewelry amounting to \$300. The officers have no clue as to the identity of the men who turned the trick, but it is believed that there is a gang of professional yeggmen in the city.

The work of the robbers was not discovered until this morning when the places where the safes were forced, were opened for business. The places of operation were Stimson's Cafe on Grant avenue, between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth streets, the Senate saloon on Twenty-fifth street, between Grant and Lincoln avenues and the Ernest blacksmith shop on Washington, near Twenty-second. The Stimson safe was broken open by breaking the knob on the door of the safe and using an iron instrument of some kind to upset the combination lock. From this safe the men took \$62.50 in cash, a diamond ring valued at \$175 and a large roll of papers, valuable to no one except Mr. Stimson. The safe is a small one and was easily broken into. It was not necessary to use any kind of explosive.

The safe at the Senate saloon was not opened, as near as can be deter-

mined, the door being locked this morning, but the knob on the outside of the door was broken off with a found in the building near the safe this morning. There are evidences of the use of glycerine to blow the safe, but the experiment evidently failed and the burglars hurrying away, left behind some of their tools. The lock was intact this morning. The officers are of the opinion that if the door was unlocked the combination worked when the door was closed. It will require the work of an expert to open the safe in its present condition, and it cannot be known whether it was opened by the burglars and looted of its contents until it is forced open.

Walter Browning, proprietor of the place, says that there was about \$100 in the safe last night. The burglars secured something over \$3 from the money till, besides ransacking the place and taking a supply of wet goods.

A noise was heard in the saloon soon after midnight, the sound being much the same as that of a muffled pistol shot. The officers were notified and they immediately repaired to the place, finding the back door unlocked. The safe door being locked, the officers did not discover that an attempt to crack it had been made. Mr. Browning was called over the telephone and told that the back door of the saloon was open. He thought that it might have been left open through mistake and did no more than to ask his informant to lock it. He did not know the place had been looted until this morning about 6 o'clock.

The officers followed suspicious characters, immediately after they had visited the Senate saloon, north along Lincoln avenue into the vicinity of Twenty-fourth street, where trace of them was lost in the darkness.

It was reported this morning that the blacksmith shop of Peter Ernstrom had been broken into and the safe cracked. There was nothing of value in the safe, so nothing was stolen. While Mr. Ernstrom had not missed any tools in the shop, it is quite evident that the hammer used in breaking the knobs from the safe doors was taken from his place. It is probable, however, that the safe-crackers are the fellows who entered the Alvord second hand store on Grant avenue at about 2 o'clock, yesterday morning and obtained the hammer there.



"I Will Move the World"

The men and women who will rule the Twentieth Century will be these who are trained.

THE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE OF UTAH
is preparing yearly scores of men and women for success in Agriculture, Economics, Agricultural Engineering, Commerce, Mechanical Arts, and General Science.

The Graduates Succeed

Illustrated circulars announce the work of 1911-12. Opening Sept. 10. A letter to the President will be welcomed. Address:

JOHN A. WIDTBOE, Pres.
Logan, Utah

POSTAL BANK IS TO OPEN AUG. 28

Information for Prospective Depositors Is Issued by Postmaster Shurtliff—Department Will Be in Charge of Fred J. Hart, Under the Direction of Assistant Postmaster R. A. Garner.

Postmaster L. W. Shurtliff has received all supplies for opening up a Postal Savings bank at the Ogden postoffice on August 28, 1911. Said bank to be open from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

The bank will be conducted in the money order department of the postoffice and be in charge of Fred J. Hart, under the direction of Assistant Postmaster R. A. Garner, and the following is for the information of the general public and intending depositors:

Information for Depositors.
Object: The postal savings system is established for the purpose of providing facilities for depositing savings at interest with the security of the United States government for repayment.

Safety.—The faith of the United States is solemnly pledged to the payment of deposits made in postal savings depository offices with accrued interest as provided by the postal savings act.

Who May Deposit.—Accounts may be opened and deposits made by any person of the age of 10 years or over in his or her own name and by a married woman in her own name and free from any interference or control by her husband. No person can have more than one account at any one time.

No person may open a postal-savings account at any postoffice which is not a patron of that office. All accounts must be opened in person by the depositor or his authorized representative. After opening an account a depositor may forward deposits to the postoffice by mail.

Deposits will be accepted only from individuals, and no account will be opened in the name of any corporation, association, society, firm, or partnership, or in the names of two or more persons jointly.

No account will be opened in the name of one person in trust for or on behalf of another person or persons.

Service Free.—The service of the postal savings system is free, and no charge or fee is collected or required in connection with the opening of an account or the withdrawal of money deposited.

Privacy of Accounts.—No person connected with the postoffice department or the postal service is permitted to disclose the name of any depositor or give any information concerning an account except to the depositor himself, unless directed to do so by the Postmaster General.

How to Open an Account.
When a person applies to open an account he must furnish the necessary information for the postmaster or his representative to fill out an application, which he will then be required to sign. If the applicant signs by mark his signature must be witnessed by a disinterested person.

Deposits.—Deposits are evidenced by postal-savings certificates issued in fixed denominations of \$1, \$2, \$5, \$10, \$20, \$50, and \$100, each bearing the name of the depositor, the number of his account, the date of issue, the name of the depository office, and the date on which interest begins. The postmaster or his representative will make out a duplicate of each certificate issued, which the depositor will be required to sign and which he will retain in his records.

No account may be opened for less than \$1, nor will fractions of a dollar be accepted for deposits.

No person is permitted to deposit more than \$100 in any one calendar month nor to have a total balance to his credit at one time or more than \$500 exclusive of accumulated interest.

Savings certificates cannot be transferred or negotiated and will be payable only to the person to whom issued.

On opening an account a depositor is supplied with an envelope in which he may keep his savings certificates. On this envelope is printed information for his guidance, and also a blank ledger record on which to keep an account of his deposits and withdrawals.

In case a savings certificate is lost or destroyed the depositor should notify the postmaster. If deemed proper, a new certificate will be issued upon compliance by the depositor with the necessary requirements.

Postmasters are not permitted to receive savings certificates for safe-keeping.

Savings Cards and Stamps.
Amounts less than \$1 may be saved by the use of the postage of 10-cent postal savings cards and adhesive 10-cent postal savings stamps. Each postal savings card contains blank spaces to which savings stamps may be affixed from time to time as purchased, and a postal savings card with nine 10-cent savings stamps thus affixed will be accepted as a deposit of \$1, either in opening an account or in adding to an existing account.

Savings cards and stamps will be redeemed only by the issue of savings certificates and are not valid for postage. They will not be received in exchange for postage stamps nor will postage stamps be accepted in exchange for postal savings cards or stamps.

Interest on Money.
Interest will be allowed on all deposits at the rate of 2 per cent per annum, computed on each savings certificate. No interest will be paid on money which remains on deposit for a fraction of a year only.

Deposits will bear interest from the first day of the month next following that in which deposited.

Interest will continue to accrue on a savings certificate as long as it remains outstanding, certificates being valid until paid, without limitation as to time.

Compound interest is not allowed on an outstanding certificate, but a depositor may withdraw interest payable and include it in a new deposit, which will bear interest at the regular rate.

Withdrawals.—A depositor may at any time withdraw the whole or any part of his deposits with his credit with any interest payable by surrendering

savings certificates, properly indorsed, for the amount desired. Deposits or withdrawals may be made for another. See postmaster for instructions.

Postal Savings Bonds.—Savings deposits converted into bonds are not counted as a part of the maximum of \$500 allowed one depositor, and there is no limitation upon the amount of available postal savings bonds which may finally be acquired by a depositor.

Postal savings bonds are exempt from all taxes or duties of the United States, as well as from taxation in any form by or under state, municipal or local authority.

Any additional information desired will be furnished by the postmaster or his representative.

FISHER IS IN SALT LAKE CITY

The private car in which Walter L. Fisher, secretary of the interior and his party of engineers and newspaper men are traveling toward the north-west, was cut off from the train at Salt Lake and for several hours remained undisturbed while its occupants slumbered, following their arrival from Provo. A banquet last night at the Provo Commercial club was the climax of a strenuous two-days' overland trip through the Payson and Strawberry valleys.

Today Secretary Fisher met the state land commissioners and the federal land officials in Salt Lake. The conferences were brief and informal. Later, as the guests of the Commercial club, Secretary Fisher and his party rode through the Salt Lake in automobiles, attended a special organ recital at the Tabernacle and took luncheon at the Commercial club rooms.

Director F. H. Newell, of the government reclamation service, who has accompanied Mr. Fisher thus far on his western tour, left the party last night at Provo, returning east.

FIRST TRAIN OVER BINGHAM ROAD

The first passenger train to be run over the new Bingham & Garfield railroad, built by the Utah Copper company at a cost of \$3,000,000, will be run from Bingham to Garfield Sunday morning. Hundreds of tickets have been sold.

The road is one of the most costly in the world, having been built at a cost of \$150,000 a mile. It runs through three long tunnels and over a great suspension trestle on its way from the Bingham mines to the smelters at Garfield.

The excursion will be conducted by the Bingham baseball team and a game will be played with the Garfield team Sunday afternoon.

Maccabee Day Aug. 16 at Lagoon.
HEAVY SELLING OF UNION PACIFIC STOCK

New York, Aug. 12.—Selling stocks was resumed at the opening of today's market. The feature was Union Pacific with initial offerings of 8,000 shares at 172 5/8 to 172 7/8, compared with 172 3/8 at yesterday's close. United States Steel opened with 5,000 shares at 72 1/8 to 72 1/4, a maximum loss of 3/8. Lehigh Valley, American Smelting and St. Paul declined a point each and other active stocks fell materially.

The liquidation movement gathered increased momentum soon after the opening, being particularly noticeable in Union Pacific, which came out in large lots at rapidly decreasing prices. The weakness of this stock, probably more than any other feature, was responsible for the decline which was most prominent in the high grade issues. United States Steel sold off with greater ease than before. All through the list new low records were established. Union Pacific lost more than four points, with two point losses in over half a score of other speculative issues. The street was full of rumors affecting this or that interest, such as are invariably prevalent in times of excitement. The market rallied a point here and there, but its undertone continued very feverish.

The first rally was followed by another decline to the previous low level, after which trading diminished and the list developed a steadier tendency. Supporting orders at this point resulted in recoveries, which, in some cases, including United States Steel, Pennsylvania and New York Central, extended to above yesterday's close. In the final dealings prices shaded again.

BOYS PAY FOR WATERMELONS

Brigham City, Aug. 11.—The past week has been a busy one for the juvenile court. Several cases were heard before Judge H. A. Pedersen of Logan, judge of this district. In the first case a saloon keeper was brought up for selling beer to a minor, the minor afterward distributing the beer among three other minors. The testimony in this case showed that the young man who purchased the beer lied to the saloon man, stating that he was 23 years old, when he was but 19. The saloon keeper was fined \$25 for the offense, while the minor was fined \$10 for misrepresenting his age and deceiving the saloon man. The three boys were severely reprimanded by the court.

A large company of youngsters ap-

peared in court, charged with stealing and badly damaging watermelon patches in the fields west of the city. The boys acknowledged the transgression and the penalty imposed upon them was that each boy should ask the pardon of the growers, who were present in court. This the boys did, and they were then ordered to reimburse the growers for the damage done by them. One young man in the crowd, 25 years old, was fined \$10 for leading the youngsters to commit the acts.

CHOLERA IN FRANCE.

Montpellier, France, Aug. 12.—Two isolated cases of cholera have been discovered, one each in the villages of Lunel and Saint Bress, in the department of Hérault.

RUNAWAY BOYS ARE CAUGHT

Merl Lyman and Ivan Crow, the two young men arrested by Sheriff Harrison yesterday evening for taking a horse and buggy that did not belong to them and making for Ogden, were turned over to F. M. Lyman, Jr., father of Merl, today and they were taken back to Salt Lake.

The boys are residents of Salt Lake but it appears that they had made up their minds to go to Canada. The young men took a horse and cart from the farm of Mr. Lyman, Thursday evening, without permission, and drove to a neighbor, where they rented a buggy, leaving the cart as security. The cart was rather small for the two to ride in, hence the securing of a buggy.

The boys came to Ogden and had just about negotiated a deal with a feed yard man here to trade the buggy horse for a pony and \$40 in cash. Bills of sale had been drawn when the sheriff appeared and took the lads into custody. As soon as the father of young Lyman learned of his whereabouts he came to the city and, under the direction of Sheriff Sharp, was permitted to take the boys home.

MEET AFTER THIRTY YEARS

Mrs. Sarah B. Blackman, wife of Manager C. C. Blackman of the Standard Oil company in the Texas district, and sister of City Engineer William Bostaph, is in the city for a short visit with Mr. and Mrs. Bostaph. After her visit here, accompanied by Mrs. Bostaph, she will spend a short time in Yellowstone Park, after which she will again visit Ogden.

This is the first meeting of Engineer Bostaph and his sister in 30 years, their union being a happy one. It is Mrs. Blackman's first visit to this part of the west and she is captivated. She has never before seen the mountain country.

FOREST SERVICE EXPERTS RETURN

D. S. Seery, expert lumberman and T. C. Hoyt, assistant district forester of the lands department of the forest service, have returned from Idaho after an extended inspection of timber and land.

Mr. Seery is investigating throughout the national forests of district No. 1, regarding the feasibility of handling the timber of the forests over the mountain streams. He states that much expense can be saved if the small streams can be used for "driving" the timber to market, and he maintains "that his investigations so far, give assurance that it is possible and feasible to do this."

Mr. Hoyt has not only attended to land matters involving timber and logging privileges, but he has given a general observation to the many phases of the forest service requirements. He reports that conditions in the Salmon district are encouraging. Mr. Hoyt visited the Salmon forest and Mr. Seery the Teton, both in Idaho.

ATWOOD TO MAKE A LONG AEROPLANE FLIGHT
St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 12.—Harry N. Atwood, the aviator, arrived here today to prepare his aeroplane for his flight to the Atlantic ocean. He will rise from the ground Monday forenoon in Forest park, according to his present plans, circle the city during which time he will fly over the business section for a Post-Dispatch prize, and return to the starting place. Then, if conditions are favorable, he will depart on the long distance flight.

Atwood announced the route of the proposed flight may be changed. His managers were in communication with Indianapolis and Cincinnati today and he may go by that route instead of Chicago.

SENATOR SMOOT NAMED PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE

Washington, Aug. 12.—Senator Bacon of Georgia was today chosen president pro tempore of the senate for next Monday, on account of the enforced absence of Vice President Sherman. The motion was made by Senator Smoot of Utah.

The senate is without a permanent president pro tempore, having failed to agree on a successor to the late Senator Frye.

ANDREW CARNegie'S DONATION

Washington, Aug. 12.—Andrew Carnegie has sent to Washington \$25,000 of the \$100,000 he promised for beautifying the grounds of the Pan-American Union building. The chief feature of the improvements will be the corps of men have been engaged in the construction soon will be requested.

READ THE CLASSIFIED PAGE.

Your Way is the "Wright" Way

This store wants to do things your way—for you, as a representative of the Ogden Public, are the person to be pleased.

When this store does things more nearly as you would have it do them, you will give to it more of your patronage.

If we—the members of this firm—could meet each of you every time you come to this store—if we could serve you personally, there are several things we would try to do—we should try to treat you courteously. We should insist that you know the absolute truth about the goods you might buy.

We should want you to be perfectly at home, whether you made a purchase or not.

In the meetings which we hold with our clerks, we ask that they treat you in this way—we believe they are doing it—if they are not we shall be glad to know it.

Your way is the Wright way if we can make it so—and if the Wright way is not your way, we'll be ever so grateful to you if you'll help us to make our way right.

W. H. Wright & Sons Co.

ARE KILLED BY A JOKE

Two Special Detectives of a Railroad Shot Down

Detroit, Aug. 12.—Particulars of the shooting of Daniel Vreeland and Frank J. Cook, special detectives for the Lake Shore railroad, who were killed last night by Special Officer William Burnett, of the Michigan Central railroad, on the Michigan Central tracks, near Junction avenue, show that the men met death as the result of a joke which they attempted to play on Burnett. They were on the best of terms and met at the junction of the two roads every night. Last night Cook and Vreeland, knowing that Burnett had had trouble with two car robbers, decided they would hide behind a car and spring out on him as he passed.

Burnett, not recognizing either of the men in the darkness, drew his gun and shot four times at them, three bullets taking effect. One went through Cook's heart, the other two striking Vreeland in the hand and chest. Burnett then ran down the tracks to Junction avenue, where he met Patrolman Daniel O'Connor, who was hastening towards the scene of the shooting.

"I've just shot a couple of car thieves," he said.

The two men then went back and looked at the bodies. When Burnett saw who the men were that he had shot, he broke down.

O'Connor took him to the Fourth precinct station where he was locked up. In telling his story, Burnett said: "I was walking down the tracks and had just examined a car when the two men sprang out on me. I fought them off and stepped back. They came at me again saying: 'Don't worry, we'll set you.' I pulled my gun and shot—how many times I don't know. I then ran down the tracks until I met the patrolman."

"When we went back I saw that the men I had killed were Cook and Vreeland. I could hardly think, it was such a shock. I had never had any trouble with either of them. We were all good friends."

Burnett stated to Lieutenant McNamara at the Fourth precinct station that he would not have shot at the men had they not shouted that they would "get him." He said that about a week ago two privies on the tracks had sworn to "get him." The men were so near him when he fired that their clothing was burned by the discharge of the revolver.

HIGH-LINE DITCH SOUTH OF ZION

Salt Lake, Aug. 12.—The Herald says: For the purpose of reclaiming thousands of acres of land, which at present it is impossible to cultivate on account of scarcity of water, a high-line irrigating ditch will be built in the near future along the southwestern portion of the Salt Lake valley. Prominent business and mining men of Salt Lake and Provo are behind the project, which is destined to transform the southwestern section of the valley and bring verdure to a region which at present is chiefly known for its desolate appearance.

Engineers have been consulted as to the availability of an irrigating ditch situated at a point which shall be higher than the West Jordan river and located in such a manner that the greatest area of acreage may receive the water with the slightest erosion. Corps of men have been sent over the ground and sufficient data has been gathered by the engineers in charge of the preliminary work to justify the

promoters in financing the project. Just what the proposed line of the ditch will be has not been made public by the promoters. They have stated, however, that it will carry water enough to irrigate the barren section of country which at present is without water.

The headgates of the ditch will receive water from Utah lake. Inasmuch as the surface of the lake is considerably lower than the proposed starting point of the ditch, the promoters plan to erect a reservoir near the headgates of the ditch and to pump the water from Utah lake to the reservoir.

One of the most modern pumping stations will be installed. It will have a capacity sufficient to feed the huge ditch the maximum amount of water needed at the driest season of the year. The ditch will have no outlet and when not in use the pumping plant will store the water for the next season.

The land lying above the present irrigating lines in the southwestern portion of Salt Lake valley is said to include some of the best land in the county for farming purposes if it could be supplied with sufficient water. The lack of water has kept back the development of that section and, though many schemes have been proposed none was considered feasible and all have been found wanting in some essential details. Relying on the reports of the engineers, the present irrigating scheme has been launched by the promoters, and plans are under way for the beginning of the construction work. Among the promoters of the irrigation project are Bishop Keeler of Provo, members of the Knight family of Provo, J. W. W. Fitzgerald of Draper, and prominent business men of Salt Lake.

CARBONATE HILL TO BE REOPENED

I. J. Wadley and associates have secured a lease on the Carbonate Hill mine of Morgan county and, since the approval of the lease at the meeting of the board of directors held in Ogden last Tuesday, has been operating the property under a bond and lease of \$250,000. The starting up of work on this property is another result of the more favorable smelter rates which Utah mining camps have been recipients of during the past few weeks, as the old Carbonate Hill is said to possess a great ore body which should net from \$7.50 to \$14 a ton. It is a low grade iron ore, showing some value in silver and lead.

The Carbonate Hill is located six miles in a bee line north of the village of Peterson. It has only a seven-mile wagon haul to the station of Strawberry on the Union Pacific railroad, down hill all the way. There is a tram down to the ore bins on Cottonwood creek.

Besides ratifying the action of the management in making this lease to Mr. Wadley, at Ogden this week, the old list of directors was reappointed, consisting of Matt A. Daugherty, president; T. D. Johnson, secretary-treasurer; who, together with Oscar Olson, James Finlin and Charles Keller, of the Hennessy Mercantile company of Butte, Mont., form the board of directors.

A vigorous campaign of development is promised, with a good shipping record for the balance of the present year.

JEWISH CHAUTAUQUA

Portland, Ore., Aug. 12.—Rabbi Henry Berkovitch of Philadelphia, chancellor of the Jewish Chautauqua society, announced today that this organization would establish Pacific coast headquarters in Portland, and that Dr. Jonah B. Wise, rabbi of the Temple Beth Israel here, would be at the head of the coast division. Rabbi Berkovitch is returning east from the meeting of the Jewish Chautauqua society which has just concluded in San Francisco. He is accompanied by Rev. Dr. William Rosenau of Baltimore.

Meet the L. O. T. M. O. T. W. at Lagoon Aug. 16.